



A low-voltage programmable-gain CMOS amplifier with very-low temperature-drift

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RESUMEN

A new topology for a LVLP variable-gain CMOS amplifier is presented. Input and load-stage are built around triode-transconductors so that voltage-gain is fully defined by a linear relationship involving only device-geometries and biases. Excellent gain-accuracy, temperature-insensitivity and wide range of programmability are thus achieved. Moreover, adaptive biasing improves the common-mode voltage stability upon gain-adjusting. As an example, a 0-40 dB programmable-gain audio-amplifier is designed. Its performance is supported by a range of simulations. For $V_{DD}=1.8$ V and 20 dB-nominal gain, one has $A_v=19.97$ dB, $f_{3dB}=770$ kHz and quiescent dissipation of 378 μ W. Over temperatures from -25/spl deg/C to 125/spl deg/C, the 0.1 dB-bandwidth is 52 kHz. Dynamic-range is optimized to 57.2 dB and 42.6 dB for gains of 20 dB and 40 dB, respectively. THD figures correspond to -60.6 dB at $V_{out}=1$ V pp and -79.7 dB at $V_{out}=0.5$ Vpp. A nearly constant bandwidth for different gains is also attained.

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