

Disability in patients with benign paroxysmal positional vertigo with posterior semicircular canal involvement [Discapacidad en pacientes con vértigo posicional paroxístico benigno del canal semicircular posterior]

González del Pino, B. and Pérez Fernández, N. (2003) *Disability in patients with benign paroxysmal positional vertigo with posterior semicircular canal involvement [Discapacidad en pacientes con vértigo posicional paroxístico benigno del canal semicircular posterior]*. Acta Otorrinolaringologica Espanola, 54 (6). pp. 401-408. ISSN 0001-6519

El texto completo no está disponible en este repositorio.

RESUMEN

Objective: The aim of this work is to analyze the vestibular function and level of disability in two populations of patients with positional vertigo but with different results in the Dix-Hallpike test. **Material and Methods:** 114 patients were assessed. In 65 the Dix-Hallpike test was positive (DH+) and in 49 negative (DH-). The caloric test was performed as well as the assessment of disability with the pertinent questionnaires for vestibular disability. **Results:** Patients in the DH+ group showed a higher level of disability in the physical subscale of the DHI and a higher perception of a deteriorated quality of life. Patients in the DH- group showed a more severe disability in the emotional subscale of the DHI. **Conclusions:** Once the phenomenon of nystagmus fatigability is ruled out, patients with positional vertigo and DH- must not be considered a minor form of positional vertigo.

TIPO DE DOCUMENTO:

Artículo

DOI:

[https://doi.org/10.1016/S0001-6519\(03\)78429-5](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0001-6519(03)78429-5)

PALABRAS CLAVE:

DHI. Dix-Hallpike. Dizziness. Nystagmus. Vestibular handicap.

TEMAS:

[R Medicina > R Medicina \(General\)](#)

**UNIDAD
ACADÉMICA:**

[Universidad Católica de Córdoba > Facultad de Ciencias de
la Salud](#)